

alongside U.S. and European troops, seeking to hunt down remnants of Osama bin Laden's terrorist organization. We extend our condolences to our Canadian allies.

U.S. MUST STAND WITH ISRAEL

(Mr. TIBERI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TIBERI. Mr. Speaker, it is more important than ever that we as individuals and the United States as a Nation reflect on the historic link between the United States and Israel. Yesterday was the 54th anniversary of Israel's independence. The U.S. must stand with Israel now as it did in 1948 as the war on terrorism continues throughout the world.

For 54 years, Israel has existed as the only democracy in the Middle East. We must not abandon our work to bring a lasting peace to the region. The efforts of those trying to achieve this goal over the past few days and weeks should be applauded. However, we must also not forget Israel's right as a sovereign nation to defend itself and its people from terrorism.

Israel has stood by efforts of the U.S. to combat terrorism around the globe. Likewise, the U.S. must stand by Israel in its effort to eradicate the scourge of terrorism.

Let us be clear: attacks on civilians by suicide bombers are acts of terrorism.

REJECT MAKING THE TAX CUTS PERMANENT

(Mr. INSLEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. INSLEE. Mr. Speaker, today the majority party will ram through a bill making their tax cuts permanent; but it is not just tax cuts they will make permanent. They will make a \$4 trillion raid on the American Social Security trust fund permanent. They will make their \$1 billion raid on the Medicare trust fund permanent. They will take their temporary wound to Social Security and make it into a permanent scar.

Just when 40 million Americans will be entering Social Security, they will be permanently raiding it for \$4 trillion. They will be doing so as part of an ultimate dream to privatize Social Security and realize what one Republican called the hope that Medicare some day would just "wither on the vine."

Mr. Speaker, today's bill ought to be called the "Permanent Raid on Social Security," the "Permanent Injury to Medicare Act of 2002"; and we should reject it.

TIME FOR ACTION ON MEDICARE REFORM

(Mr. HEFLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, it is time to take a serious look at the problems we have with Medicare. Medicare started for the right reasons; there is no question about that, and I do not think we can argue with that. We did not want the elderly going without the ability to have the proper health care. We all realize it is not perfect and we need to do something about the prescription drug portion of it.

But there is a bigger problem with Medicare, and that is the problem of access. Doctors are dropping out across this country in droves. They are dropping out because the compensation is too low, and we proposed this year to make it even lower. They are dropping out because there is a hassle factor of feeling that if they make a little clerical error, that they might be drawn in by the police and pulled before the courts.

I had a woman come to me in a town meeting the other day that said she brought her mother from Missouri to Colorado, and they had gone to 128 doctors trying to find care for her mother and none of them would take new Medicare patients.

If we do not have access, we do not have a program. Congress must stop ignoring this problem. It is time for action.

INDIAN SACRED SITES MUST BE TREATED WITH REVERENCE

(Mr. RAHALL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. RAHALL. Mr. Speaker, yesterday at this time several Members of the House Committee on Resources Democratic Caucus rose to speak on a number of environmental issues as a prelude to Earth Day, which is April 22. As the ranking Democrat on that committee, today we continue with this theme.

My purpose this morning, however, is not to speak to the more traditional environmental concerns of which I share, but rather to draw attention to the destruction of sites located on Federal lands which are sacred to American Indians.

Valley of Chiefs, Montana. This area contains historic rock art and is used for ceremonial purposes. Yet the Bush administration believes it is a pretty good place to drill for oil and gas.

Indian Pass, California, a place where dream trails were woven. Yet the Bush administration has given the green light to a massive 1,600 acre open-pit gold mine there.

There are many other examples.

Most Americans understand a reverence for the great Sistine Chapel or a traditional church with steeple and a bell. I believe it is time we sound the alarm bell for Indian sacred sites and treat them with equal reverence. We are, after all, one Nation under God, and all of our religious beliefs must be protected.

WASHINGTON STATE NAMED WINE REGION OF THE YEAR

(Mr. NETHERCUTT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NETHERCUTT. Mr. Speaker, the State of Washington has long been known for its great people, its great natural beauty, its great companies like Boeing and Microsoft, and its great basketball teams. Now it has been designated with another honor, and that is "Wine Region of the Year" as endorsed by "Wine Enthusiast" magazine.

This designation is fully justified. Washington State is now the second largest wine producing State in the country. It provides \$2.4 billion to the Washington State economy, and it employs 11,000 people. It is a small business-focused industry, and it provides tremendously to the jobs and the agriculture community of eastern Washington and western Washington. It produced 100,000 tons of grapes in the year 2001.

So congratulations to the State of Washington, and congratulations to the wine industry in the State of Washington, which helps our agriculture economy, and thanks to "Wine Enthusiast" magazine for making this designation.

PROTECT LANDS SACRED TO INDIAN TRIBES

(Mr. KILDEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. KILDEE. Mr. Speaker, as cochair of the Native American Caucus, I work on many issues on behalf of our first Americans. An issue that is of particular importance to me relates to protecting lands sacred to our Indian tribes.

Native Americans were the first protectors of this great land, and protect it they really did.

Long before my forefathers arrived here, it was the native Americans who respected, honored and gave thanks for all that nature provided. They knew never to take more than what was needed, and never disrespect or damage their sacred areas.

I am sad to see so many native American sacred sites under the threat of desecration and the active role our government often plays.

We have attempted over the years to enact legislation to protect these sites, but each time it falls short. We need to pass legislation that will put the full legal weight of the United States behind the preservation of native American sacred sites.

POSTAL SERVICE REFORM

(Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California. Mr. Speaker, on April 4, the postal